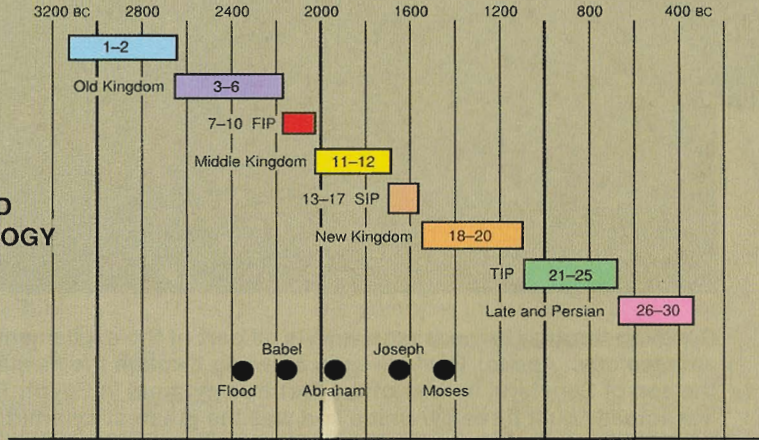


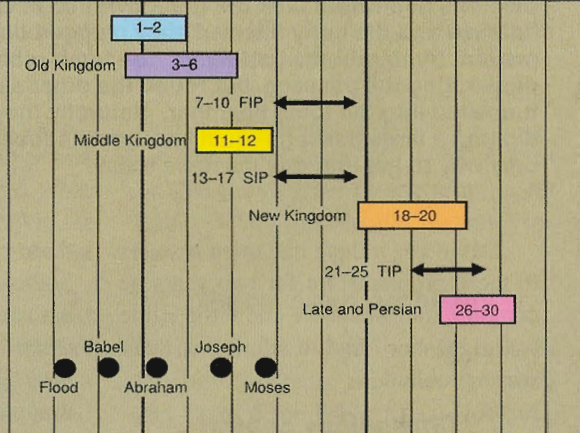
The revised Egyptian chronology

STANDARD CHRONOLOGY



REVISED CHRONOLOGY

Legend
 Numbers, e.g. 1-2 denote dynasties
 FIP = First Intermediate Period
 SIP = Second Intermediate Period
 TIP = Third Intermediate Period
 ● Key biblical events/people



The standard Egyptian chronology extends beyond 3000 BC. This requires that Noah's global Flood occurred during the Old Kingdom. Also, Joseph is placed in Egypt during the Second Intermediate Period but there is no sign of him then. And Moses is placed in Egypt in the New Kingdom but the devastating plagues and the destruction of Pharaoh and his army in the Red Sea had no effect on the grandeur of that kingdom.

By recognizing contemporary dynasties, the revised chronology dramatically collapses the timescale and harmonizes with biblical chronology. The First Intermediate Period is the same as the Second Intermediate Period and corresponds to the time of Joshua and Judges. The Third Intermediate Period also disappears, its kings matching with kings of the New Kingdom and the Late and Persian Periods.

Thus, Egypt was settled after the Flood and after the dispersion at Babel (by descendants of Mizraim, Genesis 10:6, from which we get Misr, the present Egyptian name for Egypt). Abraham visited Egypt during the Old Kingdom and Joseph was in Egypt during the Middle Kingdom. The Exodus of Israel from Egypt overturned the Middle Kingdom and brought a period of desolation across the once majestic land.